MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

FOURTH YEAR. MASSILLON, O., THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1891. PRICE TWO CENTS

GREAT

Red Letter Sale of Cloaks

WILL BEGIN

Monday, January 12th,

at

HUMBERGER'S

Ladies, Misses and Children's Cloaks of all kinds will go. Don't miss this great opportunity to get a garment, of late style at less than manufacturers cost

HUMBERGER'S

Warwick Block

HAVE YOU SEEN

Hathaway's

Jewelry Store,

It is

FULL OF GOODS

HAS

The Lowest Prices

AND

Engraving Free.

COLEMAN.

THE JEWELER

New and Complete stock in all the very latest stwles.

Sterling SILVERWARE,

Dozens, Half Dozens, Single pieces.

Diamonds,

Watches

Jewelry.

Largest Stock in the City

NO. 5 ERIE STREET.

The Manufacturer's Accident Company,

GENEVA, N. Y.

Is Doing the Largest Business of Any Accident Company in the U. S. To-day. Our Specialty is Prompt Payment of Claims.

Mr. J. P. Patterson, the leading agricultural implement dealer of Alliance, Ohio, had two fingers of right hand dislocated December 16th; notified the company December 17th and received check for $40 in full of all demands, December 20th, 1890.

Below will be found a list of prominent business men of Alliance, Ohio, who have lately taken out policies with the General Agent, Mr. C. F. Barrett, who can be found at the office of the Prudential Insurance Company, in the Warwick Block, every evening from 7 to 9, until January 15th. Look at handbills distributed to you at your home or on the street. It will pay you to invest in this company at a cost of 3½ cents a day.

John M. Stillwell, Mayor.
Harper Brosius, Postmaster.
Thos. M. Stacey, Chief of Police.
Amos W. Coates, Prop. Lever Rake Works.
Dr. J. H. Tressell.
Dr. Thomas L. Morgan,
Dr. Wm. W. Harter.
Dr. Samuel T. Keith,
Robert J. McLaughlin, Clothier,
Samuel D. Lane, Milliner.
F. J. Poto, Grain Dealer.
J. P. Patterson, Agricultural Implement Dealer.
Frank Akins, Barber.
Les Akins, Barber.
James Barnes, Butcher.
Geo. W. Hoffman, Grocer.
Lon Russell, Grocer.
E. S. Gilbert, Grocer.
David S. Moore, Grocer.
F. V. Cassaday, of A. S. Cassaday & Co.
James Craven, Contractor.
Henry Faubel, Blacksmith.
Alex B. Love, of Oby & Love.
E. Underwood, Stove Dealer.
Thos. K. Cree, Sec'y Y. M. C. A.
John Townsend, Insurance Agent.
J. H. Cronin, Insurance Agent.
C. G. Johnson, Insurance Agent.
Anson S. Springer, Springer Bros.
James W. Springer, Springer Bros.
Charles Daconly, Springer Bros.
Lindley Jones, Nurseryman.
Wm. S. Dickerson, Boiler Shop.

Many other prominent business men of Alliance can be given as reference, but we feel that this list will convince any one of the high standing of the Manufacturer's Accident Indemnity Company. Any further information will be cheerfully given by C. F. BARRETT,
Gen'l Agt., Prudential Ins. Co., office, Warwick Block, Massillon.

"Homeo Ton"

The never failing remedy for malaria, and indigestion, and the best blood purifier known, may be found at the drug stores of E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Morganthaler & Heister.

The First National Bank.

MASSILLON, OHIO.

S. HUNT, President,
GEO. HARSH, Vice President.
C. STEESE, Cashier.
J. M. SCHUCKERS, Asst. Cashier

Capital Stock and Surplus $250,000.

Interest Bearing Certificates Issued

A CUTTING TIME

Though our winter trade has been exceptionally good and we we are not to be found amoag the mourners, yet we have a few goods we want to sell and the sooner they are sold the better we shall feel. We must begin to plan for the spring campaign, and want room and money to carry out the plans we formulate. To secure these two essentials we have

CUT THE HEADS OFF

the prices on our entire stock of Overcoats, Heavy Suits, Gloves, Caps, Underwear, etc. They must make way for our spring purchases, and now is thettime to buy these cold-weather goods. Don't beg off but come to the decapitating sale.

C. M. Whitman,

Strictly One Price, Massillon

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing

At 25 per cent Reduction, for one week,

Commencing, January 10th

DIELHENN'S DOUBLE STORE

Nos. 11 E. Main, and 6 South Erie Streets

MASSILLON, O.

ERHARD & SCHIMKE.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS.

MASSLLON, O.

1890 **WE LEAD** 1890

Holiday Goods Received Daily

An endless variety of Fine Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits, Cylinder Book Cases, Ladies Cabinets and Desks, Music Cabinets, Foot Rests, Fine Polished Tables, Polished Oak Rockers,

MANY STYLES TO SELECT FROM,

All of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and examine and be convinced that whatwe say is no humbug.

WILLAMAN & HIGERD,

42 and 44 South Erie Street,

THEY ARE CHEAP AND ALL THE RAGE,

BLACK CHEVIOTS.

We have them in all the different weaves, also a

Choice Line of New Woolens

Of the very latest styles, which we are making up at very popular prices.

LOWE THE TAILOR, OPERA BLOCK, SECOND FLOOR.

SPECIAL

Seal Plush Cloak SALE,

—AT THE—

Massillon Bee Hive Cash Store,

Please examine the following Cut Prices on Ladies Sacques and Jackets,

No. 356. One Plush Jacket at $25.00, Reduced to $12.50.

No. 761. Two Plush Jackets, sizes 32 and 34, at $20.00, Reduced to $10.00.

No. 763. One Plush Jacket, size 36 at $18.00, Reduced to $12.00

No. 304. One Plush Jacket size 34 at $15.00; Reduced to $10.00.

No. 700. Five Plush Jackets, assorted sizes, at $13.50, Reduced to $8.50.

No. 671. Eight Plush Sacques at $22.00, Reduced to $12.00.

No. 804. One Plush Jacket size 32 at $20.00 Reduced to $10.00.

We have marked prices on the above that will sell them quickly. Sure

Respectfully,

ALLMAN & PUTMAN

---

100 Dollars Reward.

For any case of chapped hands, face, lips, pimples, and all other skin eruptions that can't be cured with Kaloderm. Sold by druggists at 35 cents. 14 4w

---

GO TO

The Enterprise

Where you will find the best assortment of

STAND and SWING LAMPS

In the city and the

Prices the Very Lowest.

We also offer for the holiday trade

Handsomely Decorated 12piece

Chamber Sets for $4.50

Also a full and complete line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

And our price always the lowest.

Wm. A. PIETZCKER,

No. 1, West Main Street.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, President,
J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

Does a General Banking Business

Interest paying Certificates of Deposit Issued.

South Erie Street,

MASSILLON OHIO

"THEY'RE AFTER ME"

Those Elegant 4-in-Hands, Puff and Teck Scarfs.

No Wonder---Price is the Magnet

SPANGLER & CO., HATTERS

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Knox and Youman Derby, and Fisk, Clark & Flagg Fine Ties.

SALMAGUNDI.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS IN THIS TOWN

Personal Notes and Brief Mention of Many Things.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio—Thursday, fair and warmer. Rain or snow and colder Friday.

To-night: at Bucher's, "Jack O' the Mines."

Mr. John Wisdom is in Canton.

Navarre is wrestling with the grip.

Mr. Charles Wise is in Leetonia, O.

Navarre has two cases of typhoid fever.

Jacob Brunny and family have removed to Canal Dover.

J. M. Fiscus of Dayton was in the city to-day on his return from Pennsylvania.

Miss Lyde Knoble, of Canton, is the guest of Mrs. A. E. Dauchy, No. 36 Park row.

Chas. W. Russell has taken a position in the collection department of Russell & Co.

Mr. H. C. Rudy and Miss. Catharine Rudy of Canal Fulton, are visiting in this city.

The third degree will be conferred at the meeting of Perry Lodge Knights of Pythias to-night.

Citizens David Atwater, Frank Hemperly and L. A. Koons went to New Philadelphia this morning.

Ucal Homan, pioneer resident of Dayton, died at his home in that town this morning, aged 79 years.

George Henrich has purchased a dwelling house located in North Mill street, from Peter Gribble.

Jno. B. Snyder has purchased two lots corner North and Center streets. He will erect two houses at once, to rent.

The Sons of Veterans will meet to-night at 7 o'clock, in the G. A. R. hall. It is important that all should be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Herman, who were married this afternoon, at St John's church, left for Akron to spend the honeymoon.

The Cleveland Lorain & Wheeling Railroad Company has elected Edwin R. Perkins president, to succeed the late Saleh Chamberlain.

L. L. Shertzer's red striped tennis blazer, now conspicuously before the public, is being much more admired by the ladies that it will be by the cows.

The Akron "Young Married People's Club" gave a dance last night, which a party of Cantonians attended, being joined by Miss Lyda Bayliss, of this city.

Company F danced at the armory last night, to the music of Klotz's orchestra. About thirty couples were present. The company gave an exhibition drill at 10 o'clock.

Agent John A. Shoemaker has received official notification to place on sale on the 20th inst. one thousand mile tickets, good on all the Pennsylvania Company's lines west of Pittsburg, for twenty dollars.

An effort is being made to secure the patronage necessary to establish a weekly religious newspaper, in the interests of the Christian church, to be edited, if the project meets with success, by the Rev. C. C. Smith.

It is announced from Canton that Judge Otto E. Young, late Democratic candidate for probate judge, will deliver a lecture on "What I Know About Politics" before the Young Men's Democratic Club of Canton, in February.

Thomas Laviers, who is not only an expert checker-player but an expert joiner, has just finished a checker board inlaid with twelve different kinds of wood, the whole being a work of art, in its beauty of finish. The board is now in John Cameron's paint shop, being finished.

The carriers of THE INDEPENDENT are supplied this evening, and will also be to-morrow evening, with tickets for the matinee to be given Saturday, for the benefit of the Griswold fund. One half of the receipts will go to the children. Seats may be reserved now, at the Independent Company's store.

Mrs. Pollock, wife of Robert Pollock, checkweighman at the Fox Lake mine, died at her home in North Lawrence yesterday. She was the mother of ten children, five daughters and five sons, the youngest being about twelve years old. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

A new time schedule will go into effect Monday next, on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway. The most important change being that No. 1 arriving at Massillon at 5.20 a. m., will arrive at a few minutes after 9 a. m., and stop at Massillon. This will make the 1.20 p. m. train south, the first train in the day.

The Reuben Glue comedy company passed through the city this morning on their way from Wooster to New Philadelphia, where they show to-night. They did not "stick" here, and, judged by the comments of the Canton papers on their performance in that city Tuesday night, no regrets will be expressed.

The funeral directors of the Western Reserve, have elected the following officers: Captain, George W. Billow, Akron, president; George Herriff, Kent, vice president; D. B. Cassidy, Alliance, secretary; John H. Clark, Clinton, treasurer; H. D. McCrea, Canton, James Duncaster, Hudson, and N. H. Willaman, of Massillon, executive committee.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the First M. E. church is in receipt of a cordial letter from Miss Eva Penfield, superintendent of the Simpson Home for colored girls, at Orangeburg, S. C., in which she takes occasion to thank the Massillon society for a present of sixteen bibles, sent to the school in time for Christmas. Miss Penfield's description of the pleasure given by the present is ample payment to the ladies who are responsible for it.

Martin Shaub, who was known all over the western end of Stark county and the eastern end of Wayne county as "the big butcher," dropped dead from heart disease about 7 o'clock this morning at his home near Dalton. He has peddled meat through the section named above for twenty-five years, and there are few people who did not know him. Mr. Shaub was a member of Sippo Lodge I. O. O. F. of this city. He leaves a family.

A Middlebranch correspondent writes: "The Rev. W. O. Siffert's address on the Battle of Gettysburg on the 9th inst., was highly appreciated, being finely illustrated by a large map, showing the campaign or approach of both armies to Gettysburg, and a birdseye view of the battlefield, plainly designating every point or part of the field of that great crisis' conflict with the position of each corps in both armies and the part they took in the battle."

Prior to starting for Wheeling this morning, "Senator" J. S. Coxey stated that there was at least one happy individual—meaning himself, in Massillon, over the passage of the silver bill by the senate, as announced by an INDEPENDENT bulletin. He thinks the vote indicates that the bill can and will become a law, by passage over the President's veto, and he feels that it will be the best thing that has ever happened the country—by relieving the stringency of the money market, and making that desirable commodity so plentiful that it can almost be plucked from every o'erhanging bough.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

WORK OF THE ANNUAL DISTRICT CONVENTION HELD YESTERDAY.

Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, General Worthy Foreman, on Hand—The Delegates Present—Election of Officers for the Year.

The regular semi-annual convention of District No. 38, Knights of Labor, met in K. of L. hall in the Stone Block yesterday, three sessions being held. The convention was called to order at 10 a. m. by General Worthy Foreman Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, who was present by request and also per orders from the national headquarters of the order in Philadelphia.

The afternoon session was called to order at 2 o'clock and adjourned at 6, the night session continuing from 8 o'clock until after midnight.

The district is composed of the counties of Stark, Mahoning, Tuscarawas, Wayne, Summit, Medina and Portage, the following delegates being present: Jacob Schaefer, Canal Dover; Alex. Walters, Uhrichsville; Philip C. Reis and Frank Welsh, Crystal Springs; John Watson, Krumroy, Summit county; Joseph Nettleton, Leetonia; James McDonald and Chas. Bowers, New Lisbon; John Hilt, Hametown; David Tulholskey, Akron; E. Gleitsman, sr., and John H. Williams, Massillon; E. R. Roller, Salem, and W. Cooper, Leetonia.

Reports from the district showed the order to be in a flourishing condition, the membership aggregating about 2,000.

A resolution was passed upon the death of Isaac Stanley, district secretary for the past year, who died suddenly at his home in New Lisbon last Thursday. Several changes were made in all the committees for the welfare of the order and ratified by the convention.

The executive board was authorized to take action at once upon the grievance presented from the New Lisbon cement mine, a decision to be then given.

The installation of the officers-elect then took place in due form. A vote of thanks was tendered General Worthy Foreman Hugh Cavanaugh for being present and assisting the covention to dispatch its business promptly and correctly, and also a vote of thanks to the general executive board at Philadelphia for complying with the request of the district officers by sending Mr. Cavanaugh to participate in the proceedings of the convention. In response Mr. Cavanaugh addressed the convention at length, thanking all for the privilege of being present and becoming personally acquainted with the representative members of the order in District 38.

The following delegates were elected to the Farmers' Alliance convention to be held at Galion next Tuesday: Frank Welsh, Jos. Nettleton, John H. Williams, E. Gleitsman, and Chas Bowers.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: District Master Workman, Jos. Nettleton, Leetonia; District Worthy Foreman, E. Gleitsman, Massillon; District Secretary-Treasurer, Chas Bowers, New Lisbon.

The Executive Board was selected as follows: Joseph Nettleton, Chas Bowers and John H. Williams.

The District Court for the ensuing year will be composed of James McDonald, Frank Welsh and John Hilt as judges; John Watson, judge advocate, and Charles Bowers, clerk.

The organizers recommended for the district for the ensuing year are Wm. Cooper, Canton, and Chas. Bowers, New Lisbon.

New Lisbon was selected as the place for holding the next convention.

A Special Meeting.

There will be a special meeting of Sippo Lodge No. 48, I. O. O. F., to-night at 7 o'clock sharp, to make arrangements to attend the funeral of Brother Martin Shaub, residence near Dalton, who died this morning at 9:30. By order of

J. W. HISEY,
Recording Secretary.

All members of Eke Lodge No. 77, of the Sexennial League, are requested to be present at a meeting to be held this evening, when seventeen candidates will be initiated. E. W. BUSBY, Prest.

Best laundry soap, cheap by the box. Dielhenn Bros.

Boys' watches for from $4.50 to $6.00 at Von Kanel's.

Sugar way down at Albright & Co.'s.

DR. KOCH'S REVELATION.

THE LYMPH'S COMPOSITION NOW GIVEN TO THE WORLD.

County Seat Intelligence—The Grand Jury's Indictments—A Finding Against Maxwell—The Toledo Lincoln Day Banquet.

CANTON, Jan. 15.—The Masons of this district are holding a meeting at the Temple to-day, considering fraternity business, and exemplifying the three degrees. The convention ends with a banquet to-night.

The grand jury made its report last night. Among the indictments given out are: Michael Harrington, horse stealing and larceny; George Wilson, assault and battery; George Wilson, larceny; George Hoeller, obtaining property under false pretenses; Mike Kane, larceny; Lee Moonshower, assault; Michael Quigley, jr., pocket picking; Thos Page, robbery. A number of other indictments were returned, but have not yet been made public.

The following additional indictments were given out this asternoon: D. P. Maxwell and Charles Schott for performing an operation on Lillian Bordner; Judson D. Lewis, Alliance, embezzlement; Frank Machamer, Waynesburg, selling liquor to minor; —— Kurtz, Magnolia, selling liquor on Sunday; John Buss, Canton, embezzlement.

Anna Rogers has commenced suit in common pleas court asking for a divorce from Elmer E. Rogers. She charges extreme cruelty.

"Chub" Piero, a well known young man, who has figured extensively in local police circles, has been taken to the penitentiary to serve a two years' sentence, inflicted by the Preble county common pleas court for burglary.

Harriet Machamer of this city, sues for a divorce from Francis Machamer. She alleges that he has been guilty of extreme cruelty and gross neglect.

Hoffman and Gibbons filed a suit against Henry Keller, Rachael Keller, Morris B. Johnson, William S. Lindersmith, Robert F. Chain, Charles G. Kay, in which plaintiff claims $162.23 due on account. The amount is alleged to be due from Henry Keller, and the other parties are made defendants as they have some claim on certain property at Mt. Union, now in possession of Keller.

The Lincoln Day Banquet.

Toledo, Jan. 15.—The Lincoln Day banquet will be given in Memorial Hall on Thursday evening, February 12. The banquet will be an innovation in Ohio political banquets, as no wine will be served and ladies will be present. The ladies will be entitled to admission, and not simply as guests in the gallery, but to cheer the speaker and enjoy the menu. The difference will much more than compensate for the lack of wine. Every preparation has been made, or is now being made, to care for all who come. The tickets will be $5. Special rates will be made on all railroads to parties desiring to attend. In the Boody House, rooms for all the speakers have been engaged, and reservation of many more rooms made for those who wish them.

The Secret Revealed.

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—Prof. Koch to day made known the secret of his lymph. It consists alone of glycerine and pure tubercle bacilli. He insists that it is curative.

THE GRISWOLD FUND.

Subscriptions to a Litigation Fund Now Offered.

The Griswold fund is larger than ever to-day and THE INDEPENDENT hopes that the dollars will increase and multiply. The money is turned over to Treasurer J. H. Hunt for whatever use his best judgment dictates. Hearty approval follows the generous offer of the Rutledge Company to give a benefit matinee Saturday, when half the receipts will be paid to the fund.

The influence of the Tuscarawas Advocate of New Philadelphia, edited by Mr. J. L. McIlvaine, has been secured by THE INDEPENDENT, to aid in the good work. It publishes the well known facts in the premises, and closes in this practical language: "The Advocate will receive subscriptions for this worthy purpose and make acknowledgements in these columns. We start the list with one dollar and hope to hear from others."

It is the opinion of a great many, that it is a public duty to undertake, or at least investigate the responsibility of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad company in the premises. They believe that if there is ground for a case, that it should be prosecuted vigorously. To that end THE INDEPENDENT has been entrusted with subscriptions to be used for no other purpose except that suggested. This list, to date, is as follows:

D. T. Frank	$10 00
W. J. Oberlin	5 00

The condition of the regular fund at 2 o'clock to-day was as follows:

Previously acknowledged	$104 75
Cash	1 25
Robert Bell	50
Total to date	$106 50

The want column continues to fulfil its destiny. Every day houses are rented, lots sold, situations obtained, help secured, lost articles recovered and articles found restored.

For cheapest and best pie fruit try our Morello pitted cherries. 3 lb cans for 25 cents. Dielhenn Bros.

Largest line of fine canned fruits in the city, special prices per dozen or case. Dielhenn Bros.

Crushed limestone for walks. Large or small quantities. Inquire of J. V. R. Skinner.

George Clementz is now with Powell & James.

Sugar at bottom prices. Dielhenn Bros.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

MASSILLON INDEPENDENT

WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1863.]
[DAILY ESTABLISHED 1887.]
PUBLISHED BY
The Independent Company.
Independent Building,
No. 20 E. Main Street
MASSILLON, - - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year	$5 00
Six Months	2 50
Three Months	1 25

WEEKLY.

One Year	$1 00
Six Months	.75
Three Months	.50

The Independent's Telephone No. is 43.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1891

This Date in History—Jan. 15.

1823—Death of Father Paul Sarpi, theologian; born 1552.
1688—Death of Sir Philip Warwick, political writer and historian; born 1608.
1747—Birth of Dr. Samuel Parr, divine and scholar; died 1825.
1747—Birth of Dr. John Aikin, biographer; died 1822.
1768—Birth of Talma, French tragedian; died 1826.
1798—Birth of Thomas Crofton Croker, antiquary; died 1854.
1865—Fort Fisher, N. C., captured by land troops under Perry, assisted by the navy under Admiral Porter.
1868—Stanton restored to the war department.
1873—Bonapartist manifesto: "The emperor is dead, but the empire is living and indestructible."
1875—Catholic bishops and priests in Prussia imprisoned for infraction of ecclesiastical laws.
1888—Death of George Walker, ex-United States consul general to Paris; born 1825

They propose to have a tin mill at Bellaire.

The event of last night was the passage of the silver bill by the senate.

Will both parties maintain a high personal standard in the make-up of their local tickets, next spring?

Is it not a sort of reflection upon the South that the gentlemen who wear checked trousers prefer it, as the scene for their fistic "battles?"

An ordinance passed November 21, 1854, is entitled, "An ordinance to prevent obstructions in the streets and alleys of the town of Massillon."

A Mrs. Alexander is writing common sense letters to the New York press, urging that the chaperon be abolished, as having outlived her usefulness.

It is a pretty good season of the year to advertise in, and to subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT, and a good many who have never done so before, seem to be doing it.

There are occasional references to a "Mr. Dresbach, the Democratic member from Stark," in Columbus correspondence. This is an error. It is Mr. Dresbach from Pickaway.

An awful conflict is going on in Canton between two rival "Uncle Tom's Cabin" shows, which will appear in the course of a week. They are always having something new going on over in Canton.

THE INDEPENDENT directs attention to the high class of correspondence adn general reading that it is printing these days. The facilities of interior daily papers, for providing literature of the best, were never so good as at present.

THE INDEPENDENT protests. The Toledo Blade says that Massillon's population is 10,068. There has been a recount. Massillon's population, —and this is official, is 10,092. The difference is small, but it is in our favor, and we want it.

The Mansfield Board of Trade has decided to petition the legislature to give permission to bond the city for $100,000, for the purpose of building up the town. The Mansfield people have adopted the Massillon policy in almost every respect.

One Charles T. Barker has favored THE INDEPENDENT with a story book, having highly illuminated covers, on one of which the destruction of New York is cheerfully depicted, while on the other the burning of the capital is supposed to give warning to a secure public to prepare for war in time of peace, by providing respectable coast defences.

The share of wheat supplied by Russia to the United Kingdom was, in 1880, 4.33 per cent, while the United States furnished 65.42 per cent. The smaller percentage has gradually increased, and the larger slowly decreased, until as it now stands, Russia furnishes 28.09 per cent., and the United States 38.45 per cent. The figures prove conclusively that the American farmer makes a mistake in supposing he can ever regain control of the foreign market, until such time as he is willing to come down to Russian and Indian conditions.

If the fair grounds are moved, they ought to come this way. It would be another step in the welding of two communities. There is no better field for development, than the territroy lying between the Ft. Wayne railroad, the Massillon-Canton highway, and the cities themselves. With an electric railway on the main road, opening it up for residence purposes, and a switch paralleling the Ft. Wayne tracks, and connecting the local railways of Massillon and Canton, thus providing eight miles of frontage for factories, with all the advantages of five different railway systems, almost ideal conditions would be realized. The picture is not entirely a fancy one. The opportunity awaits somebody.

HE WANTS TO KNOW.

A Student Inquires for Information Upon Free Coinage.

MR. EDITOR:—Suppose you inquire of a few of our business men in regard to the propriety or necessity of the free coinage silver bill. I am anxious to be informed on this subject. It seems to me to be one of immense magnitude and a subject that cannot be very well understood by the ordinary man of business. When we reflect that in its operations it reaches all the civilized nations of the world that use silver as money or for any other purpose, that it is one of the two metals that form the basis of all monetary transactions, the United States, being a large producer of this metal, should thoroughly understand to what extent this metal is mined and coined into money by any and all the other nations of the earth. I think it will not do for us to go into this work of coinage before the proper safeguards are known and thrown around this work, so as to enable us to know where and the quantity it is safe to place in the market at any given time. If we do not so guard against the indiscriminate production of the silver dollar, may one not run into the same troubles that we are now suffering in some other lines of business, farming, for instance? I often hear and read that the farmer wants the government to issue more greenbacks; loan him money at, say 2 per cent, or perhaps 1 per cent. on his mortgage per annum. It is not necessary to name any other branch of business.

Let me inquire now, with more farms in this country now than are needed by one-third, to raise all the grain that can be sold or used in this country or sold abroad (and sold abroad for less money than in New York), and the great West being, as it is being made, the great dumping ground for the immense immigration into this country, is it any wonder that farms in New England have almost no value, and even Ohio going very rapidly in that direction?

I am told that farms in Stark county have depreciated from 30 to 50 per cent. in value in one or two decades—and rest assured that hard pan is not by any means reached. They cannot even raise sheep to profit—too much foreign wool. If the farmer cannot live without the mortgage on his farm, how is he going to live and pay interest on one—Who is it that is howling for more money? I believe very many of them, if not the most part, is the political demegogue, who has not had enough to do with money to be able to tell a crown from a five franc piece. Men who know no more about the science of finance than they do of their own value to their community—and these men are telling the mass of voters, who, if possible more ignorant than themselves on the subject, that the government must give the people free coinage, or greenbacks, or something else, and that is going to be the great penacea.

There are many who go into debt far beyond the amount warranted by good business forethought, and they are apt to get into trouble and be largely the cause of such things as we are now passing through—a great many men having loaned money like to call for it occasionally, to see it it is there; if it is not, then they want it and trouble begins.

The manufacturer who makes more goods than he has money to carry, if he cannot sell, is liable to be in trouble. Now to come back to the point we started from, ask somebody to tell us who and how will coining more silver bring us out of this slough of despond; once more, if there are $320 000,000 in the vaults of the government now and the people cannot get the, how will they get them by adding an unlimited number to them; that is what I cannot get through my wool. Perhaps some of our trained financiers can instruct us and help us how to better understand this, to me, every intricate science. STUDENT.

Says It was a Steer.

MR. EDITOR:—Please correct the item in your last evening's paper, stating that I had on exhibition a cow weighing 1,190 pounds. It is a steer weighing that amount. Kindly correct and oblige

W. GRABER.

Mort & Patterson's Stone Ground Flour.

ROCHESTER, PA., Jan. 3, 1891.

Messrs Mort & Patterson, millers, Massillon, O.

DEAR SIRS:—I have given your pure loaf stone ground flour a thorough trial and pronounce it A No. 1, and far above my roller flour for nutriment, which, on the strength of nineteen years experience in the business, I deem the most important point to be considered by the trade, the lack of which, is the cause of people tiring of the so-called baker's bread. Wishing you success and prosperity, I remain, Yours resp.,

GEO. J. SCHMIDT,
Baker and m'f'g. confectioner.

Latest designs in ladies' small-sized gold watches at C. F. Von Kanel's.

Sure results follow by having your "wants" made known.

Solid tub oysters 35c per quart at Albright & Co.'s.

THE MASTER WORKMAN TALKS.

Joseph Nettleton Personally in Favor of Liquor Prohibition.

Joseph Nettleton, the new head of District 38, K. of L., is a tall, well preserved gentleman, past middle age, and who has evidently joined the order because he believes in it.

"There is no doubt," said he this morning, "that the Knights of the district will work in political lines. The order is not so strong here, numerically, as it has been, but the average standing of members is higher, and the organization more compact. You see we have elected delegates to the Farmers' Alliance convention, to be held at Galion, and upon the results of that convention our future action will largely depend. It is probable that we will attempt to influence existing parties, rather than to create a new one, in Ohio, at present. What we are after, of course, is the disintegration of trusts and monopolies. Personally I would be in favor of standing on a platform of prohibition and uniting with the party of that name, for a common object, which is the first thing, I think, to be attained. The members of the order are not, however, as a rule, prepared for such a policy, although I believe it will come, in time."

That Cleveland Extension.

The Cleveland Leader of to-day has this: "Nothing has been heard yet this year of the proposed Wheeling & Lake Erie branch from Creston to Cleveland. Early last year the Wheeling & Lake Erie people made with the Nypano owners a contract for the use of the Nypano terminals in this city for the proposed line, and intimations were then given that the branch would be constructed at once. But for some unknown reason the project was temporarily shelved. It seems as yet to be a very open question whether the Wheeling & Lake Erie management intends to push the matter this year. It is outlining much of its work for the coming summer, such as the construction of numerous sidings, the purchase of 750 new cars, and a number of new engines, but has said nothing of the Cleveland branch, it is certain that there is no enterprise in which this city is interested which would be of greater benefit than this proposed extension from Cleveland to Creston."

In a Political Vein.

An article appeared in about half of yesterday's edition of THE INDEPENDENT giving an imitation of a horoscope of the approaching municipal election, and embodied in it were the names of prospective candidates for the offices of marshal and street commissioner in both parties, as follows: Republican, marshal—Adam Wendling, Geo. W. Merwin, and Otto Uhlendorff; Democratic, Thomas Hagan. Street commissioner, Republican—Dan Kitcher, George Zielley, Wm H Crooks, John B. Snyder and Charles Black; Democratic, Councilman Volkmor, Louis Limbach. Theo. Kramer, Will Vogt and John Geis. Additional information gathered to-day is to the effect that Officer Godfrey Maiers's name should be added to the list of Republican candidates for marshal and the names of Fred Hose, L. S. Buttermore and Harmon Richardson added to the list of Republican aspirants for street commissioner.

Worthy Foreman Cavanaugh.

Hugh Cavanaugh, the gentleman who presided over the district convention of the Knights of Labor in this city yesterday, by request, is one of the most conspicuous and prominent officials in the order, ranking next to Grand Master Workman Powderly, his official position being General Worthy Foreman, and and his jurisdiction embracing the entire country. Mr. Cavanaugh was the first person selected to accompany the Scripps League excursion of representative artisans abroad in the summer of '89, and an interesting report of the trip, written by him, appeared in the Cleveland Press and the other Scripps papers. At present Mr. Cavanaugh has charge of the shoe department of Mabley & Carew's mammoth establishment, and he is, on every corner, a gentleman whom it is a pleasure for a newspaper reporter to meet.

National Union Work.

Massillon Council No. 56, National Union, met last night and elected the following officers: President, A. B. Oberlin; vice president, J. J. Pitts; speaker, J. W. Foltz; secretary, Tobias Schott; financial secretary, J. C. Haring; treasurer, Jas. Peacock; chaplain, Chas. Higginbotham usher, E. W. Busby; sergeant, George Rink; door-keeper, George McCall.

The council has been in existence a little over seven years, in which time the members hove contributed to the benefit fund $7,014,23. The total amount paid to beneficiaries living in this city during that time is $15,000, $10,000 of which has been paid during the last two months on three deaths.

Public Sewer Extension.

In answer to a question this morning as to what was being done in the matter of sewer extension, City Civil Engineer Miller replied that he has informed the sewer commission that he is ready to proceed with the conncetions from Charles street to Tremont, and also from Oak street to Tremont street, and advised that body to recommend the council to take the necessary preliminary steps in order that the work may be done in the early spring.

New Officers Chosen.

The Stark County Mutual Insurance Company held an annual meeting Tuesday afternoon. The following officers were elected: President, Lewis Essig; secretary, A. L. Bruner; treasurer, L. J. Wise; directors, D. Wellington Miller, S. B. Steward, A. Stiner, appraiser, J. N. Shaub; assistant appraiser, Richmond Shaw.

Life is Misery

To thousands of people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial. Be sure to get Hood's.

A humorous fact about Hood's Sarsaparilla—it expels bad humor and creates good humor. Be sure to get Hood's.

SPECIAL SALE
OF
Hamburg Embroidery, Stamped Linens,
Tray Cloths, Lunch Cloths, Side-board Covers, Tidies, Splashers, Roman Embroidery, Fine Hem-stitched Linens, Etc.
Prices way down to close out the above stock, at
H. FALKE'S 49 E. MAIN STREET

THE TONWS ROUNDABOUT

Navarre.

Rev. D. D., of Dayton, filled the pulpit at the U. B. church on Sunday evening.

The eight-month-old son, of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Baltzer, died on Friday of last week and was buried in the Catholic cemetery on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Overholt, of Bolivar, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Overholt, Sunday.

The Ridgway, Burton coal mine, has not yet started to work, but is expected to resume soon.

Mrs. Emma Wardell, formerly a resident of this place, but late of Toledo, died Wednesday of last week, and was brought here Thursday evening. She leaves three children to mourn her loss. The funeral took place Saturday from the M. E. church, Rev. Scarborough officiating. The children have the sympathy of all.

Mrs. Wm. Shaffer and son, of Medina, came home to attend the funeral of her mother which occured on last Sunday.

On Monday morning at about 1 o'clock the alarm of fire was again heard and the laddies found J. E. Loud's ice house in flames. They saved all that was possible, but nothing valuable was lost.

Wilmot.

E. W. Spidell moved to Navarre last week.

Elmer Miller will make Wilmot his home about the first of next month.

Cyrus Perkey is acting as traveling agent for a medicine company.

Justus and vicinity was well represented at ex Postmaster Allman's sale, Friday.

Deal & Maybaugh have sold their meat market to Kanaga and Stall.

Adam Mohr, who has lived for number of years, south of town, died Saturday, aged about 68 years, interment Tuesday at Dundee. Mr. Mohr was a natie of Germany and paid that country a visit about two years ago.

The old mill farm on the Mt. Eaton road, and the Miller farm on the Winesburg road, have been sold to parties from Millersburg.

The farm of Peter Graber was sold Saturday by W. S. Putman, assignee to the Orrville bank, for $2,800.

Elton.

Mrs. Laura Ickes and daughter were the guests of Mrs. Samuel Baughman last week.

There will be a large party at Mrs. Lewis Glicks, Wednesday night.

Miss Layman is spending a few days at the home of Mrs. H. I. Boughman.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bretz have moved their household goods to their old home, near the McFarren church, until their business matters are settled.

The parents of Daniel and Ed Swihart have moved to the pleasant little home formerly owned by Mr. James Klingel.

Mr. Evan Owens dropped off to see his folks the other day, while on his way home from Cleveland.

The farmers were addressed by a Mr. Bixler from Canton, last week, in the interest of the Farmers' Alliance; the president and other officers were elected and another meeting appointed.

Mrs. Charles Chidester has been very ill for the past two weeks.

Steady work is promised at the mine until the first of April, if not longer.

The Greenville miners have come back to Elton.

Mrs. David Thomas has been suffering with asthma.

Mr. E. H. Klingel and his cousin, Miss Deardorff, spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. America Klingel, down among the hills.

The brother-in-law of Mr. Peter Koehler, Mr. Donavin, has rented the farm of Mrs. Amelia McFarren. Jan. 14.

THE MARKETS.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Money on call loaned easy; highest, 4 per cent.; closed at 3; lowest 2½ per cent.

Exchange steady; posted rates, $4.84@4.87; actual rates, $4.82½@4.82¾ for sixty days and $4.85½@4.86¾ for demand.

Government bonds steady; currency 6's, 1.09; 4's coupon, 1.20; 4½'s do, 1.03.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 1.14½; sinking funds, 1.08⅝; Centrals, 1.14½.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

FLOUR—Closed quiet and weak; fine grades of spring, $2.65@3.25; do winter, $2.90@3.25; superfine spring, $3.15@3.50; do winter, $3.25@3.65; extra No. 2 spring, $3.40@3.90; do winter, $3.50@4.00; extra No. 1 spring, $3.75@4.90; do winter, $4.00@5.00; city mill extras, $5.00@5.15 for West Indies; southern flour closed dull and barely steady; trade and family extras, $4.00@5.00.

SUGAR—Raw firm 5⅝c for centrifugal, 96 degrees test; 4⅝c for fair refining; refined quiet; cutloaf and crushed, 6½c; powdered, 6.18c; granulated, 5.94c; cubes, 6.18c; mould A, 6c; confectioners' standard A, 5¾c; candy A, 5.94c; Columbia A, 5.56c; extra C, 5.18@5¼c; golden C, 4⅞@4.95c.

BUTTER—Steady; eastern creamery, 22@28½c; western do, 26@28c.

CHEESE—Quiet; factory New York cheddar, 9¾@9⅞c; western flat, 8½@9¼c.

EGGS—Steady; fresh eastern firsts, 27c; western firsts, 26@26¼c; Canadian firsts, limed, 22@22½c.

COFFEE—Spot lots steady; fair Rio, cargoes, 20c; futures closed firm; 5 to 15 points higher.

The Massillon Market.

Farmers are receiving the following prices to-day, January 15.

Wheat, per bu	90-93
Oats " "	45-47
Corn " "	60-65
Potatoes per bu	1.15
Butter per lb	20
Eggs per doz	24

The want column is authority on "situations and help wanted."

SPORTING NOTES.

Fitzsimmons Defeats Dempsey at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 15.—Bob Fitzsimmons, the Australian wonder, bears the title of middle-weight champion of the world, and when he left the rooms of the Olympic club to meet his wife, who was awaiting him in his apartments on Royal street, a certified check for $11,000 was presented to him. To-day his backers will receive another check for $5,000 additional, making a total of $16,000 for his night's work.

JACK DEMPSEY.

First round—Both men exchanged several body blows, Dempsey's under blows strong. Fitzsimmons was active on his feet. The round closed with no advantage to either man.

Second round—Same as first. Both men exchanged body and face blows. Dempsey was more wary. Advantage with the Australian.

Third round—Fitzsimmons sent Jack to grass with a breast blow, followed him all over the ring, punching him severely. Dempsey groggy and evading punishment.

Fourth round—General exchange of blows. Dempsey's wind short. The round closed with honors even.

Fifth round—Dempsey was sent to his knees. He received the worst kind of punishment. Fitzsimmons in good form.

Sixth round—Heavy exchange of blows, Dempsey avoiding punishment. Fitz got the best of the round.

Seventh round—Both men fought like tigers. Fitzsimmons struck Dempsey while they were clinched. The crowd cried "Foul," but it was not allowed.

Eighth round—Same as last.

Ninth round—Dempsey was sent to the ropes.

Tenth round—Fitzsimmons twice sent Dempsey to the earth.

Eleventh round—This was Bob's round, knocking Jack down three times with terrific right and left cuts.

Twelfth round—Bob allowed himself to receive a few childish blows and with a left-hander on the jaw sent Jack on his back. He rose with difficulty and was knocked down twice more.

Thirteenth round—Little vitality was left in Dempsey. He clinched at the first attempt of Fitz to strike, but was pushed away and fell over. Twice he tried to rise, but rolled over and over like a man in dying agonies. Time was called and failing to respond, the fight was awarded to the New Zealand wonder, while the audience cheered again and again. From all appearances Fitz could have done the fight over again without leaving the ring. Dempsey was taken in a carriage to his boarding house, while Fitz put on his clothes and walked home with his seconds. The fight lasted forty-nine minutes.

Where I is Sold

THE INDEPENDENT may be obtained daily at the Independent Company's store; Waverly Hotel; Hotel Conrad; E. C. Hering, West Tremont street; C. Witt, Short East street; Gilbert N. Porter, South Erie street; Henry Kline, West Main street; James Parks, W. & L. E. depot.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

Distress After Eating

Sick Headache

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Heartburn

Sour Stomach

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder—Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 7, 1889*

TRAVELLER'S REGISTER.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

North.	South.
No. 4 8 25 a. m	No. 1 5 20 a.m
No. 6 1 13 p. m	No. 5 1 20 p.m
No. 8 7 53 p. m	No 7 6 40 p.m
Local 7 10 a. m	Local 4 09 p.m

In effect June 9th at noon.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO.

In effect June 15, 1890.

GOING EAST

No. 8	Daily	2 50 a m
No. 10	Daily except Sunday	7 45 a. m
No. 4	Daily	1 00 p. m
No. 20	Daily except Sunday	9 35 p. m

GOING WEST

No 1	Daily except Sunday	3 25 a.m
No. 11	Daily except Sunday	10 06 "
No. 9	Daily	11 01 a. m
No. 3	Daily	5 48 p. m
Local		8:15 a. m

Pullman dining cars are run on trains No. and 9.

For time tables, rates of fare, baggage checks, through tickets, or any further information regarding the running of trains, apply to John A Shoemaker, agent, Massillon, O.

CLEVELAND, AKRON & COLUMBUS.

Mount Vernon and Pan Handle Route at Orrville

NORTH.	SOUTH.
No. 35 Express...10:10 p m	No. 2 Express...10.36 a m
No. 27 Express...4:20 a m	No. 38 Express 8:34 p m
No. 3 Express...3:10 p m	No .28 Express..10:32 p m

Trains 27 and 28 run daily all other trains daily except Sunday.

Trains 2 and 3 have through day coaches and 27 and 28 through Pullman sleepers between Cleveland and Cincinnati.

Trains 2 and 3 make connections with P., Ft. W. & C. trains to and from all points east and west via Orrville.

The C. L. & W. schedule is omitted.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND

Composed of Cotton Root, Tansy and Pennyroyal—a recent discovery by an old physician. *Is successfully used monthly*—Safe, Effectual. Price $1, by mail, sealed. Ladies, ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound and take no substitute, or inclose 2 stamps for sealed particulars. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, 131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Massillon by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist.

Bucher's Opera House

ONE WEEK

Commencing

Monday, Jan. 12th.

The Rutledge Dramatic Co.,

In a Repertoire of

New :-: Plays.

EVERYTHING NEW

A Handsome Bed-Room Set

Now on exhibition at Williman & Higard's Furniture Store.

Given Away Saturday Evening

ADMISSION:

10,20 and 30cts.

Reserved seats on sale at the Independent Company's Store.

For Bargains in Carriages & Wagons See P. H. Young

CITY LIVERY!

P. GRIBBLE, Proprietor

First-Class in all its Appointments

Commercial Trade Solicited. Prompt Delivery.

Telephone 77.

A Fine Assortment of Buggies, all Styles at Young's

Remember Sippo Valley Flour Retails at $1.25 per ¼ bbl Sack.

INGALLS RUNS AMUCK.

HE LETS LOOSE AND SLASHES FRIENDS AND FOES ALIKE.

The Senate Devoted the Entire Day and Late Into the Night Discussing and Passing the Financial Bill—Mr. Stewart's Free Coinage Amendment was Passed and Mr. Vest Astonished the Senate by Bringing Forward as a Substitute a Purely Free Coinage Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Immediately after the reading of the journal Senator Ingalls took the floor. When the speaker rose to begin his speech the galleries were well filled, and half an hour later they were crowded, and remained so until the speech was concluded. Mr. Ingalls said that there were two portentous evils which menaced the safety, if they did not endanger the existence, of the republic. The first was ignorant, debased, degraded, spurious suffrage—suffrage contaminated by the sewage of decayed nations; suffrage intimidated and suppressed in the south; suffrage impure and corrupt, apathetic and indifferent in the great cities of the north; so that it was doubtful to his mind whether for half a century there had been a presidential election in this country that expressed the deliberate and intelligent judgment of the whole body of the American people. The senator then referred to the newspaper interview had with him several months ago, in which he said that the

Golden Rule and the Decalogue

had no place in an American campaign. It seemed superfluous to explain that in that utterance he was not inculcating that doctrine, but describing a fact, not an announcement of faith, but many reverend and eminent divines, many disinterested editors, many ingenuous orators perverted this utterance into a personal advocacy of impurity in politics. He did not complain. It was, as the world went, legitimate political warfare. But it was an illustration of the truth that the golden rule and the decalogue ought to have a place in political campaigns. "If thy enemy smite thee on one cheek, turn the other" was a good precept to follow, but he would observe that until that precept was more generally observed than it had been, or was likely to be, if his political enemy smote him on one cheek, instead of turning to him the other he would smite him under the butt end of his left ear if he could. [Laughter.] If that be political immorality he must be included among the unregenerated.

His Attack on Combines.

The second evil to which he had adverted was the tyranny of combined, concentrated, centralized, conscienceless and incorporated capital; and the people were considering that great problem now. The conscience of the nation was shocked at the injustice of modern society. The moral sentiment of mankind had been aroused at the unequal distribution of wealth, and at the unequal diffusion of the burdens, benefits and privileges of society. At the beginning of the second century the American people had become profoundly convinced that the ballot was not the panacea for the evils of society; that it had not abolished poverty nor diminished injustice. They had discovered that political equality did not result in social fraternity; that under a democracy the concentration of greater power in fewer hands was more possible than under a monarchy. George Washington, the first president of the republic, had, when he died in 1799, the largest private fortune in the United States. Much of it had come by inheritance, but the "Father of His Country,"

In Additinn to His Other Virtues,

had been a very prudent, sagacious, thrifty and forehanded man, who knew a good thing when he saw it—a great way off. As a surveyor in his youth he had obtained knowledge which enabled him to make exceedingly valuable locations on the public domain. The establishment of the national capital in the immediate vicinity of his patrimonial possessions had not diminished their value. All of his belongings at the time of his death reached the sum total of between $800,000 and $900,000. That was less than a century ago, and it was within bounds to say that at the present time there were many scores of men and of corporations in this country whose annual income (and there has been one man whose monthly revenue) exceeded the entire accumulations of the richest citizen of the United States at the end of the last century. The population of the Union was then 5,300,000 and the

Estimated Wealth of the Country

was between three and four thousand million dollars. There was not a millionaire and there was not a tramp or pauper in the country. A multitude of small farmers contentedly tilled the soil, and on the coast a race of fishermen and sailors, owning the craft which they sailed, wrested their subsistence from the stormy sea. Labor was the rule, and luxury the exception. The prayer of Agar was then absolutely realized—there was "neither poverty nor riches." Since that time the growth in wealth and numbers in the United States has had no precedent in the building of nations. The people of the United States now performed one-third of the world's mining; one-fourth of its manufacturing; one-fifth of its farming, and possessed one-sixth of its accumulated wealth.

Senator Sherman Stirred Up.

The senator said he had read, in the morning papers, Mr. Sherman's speech, a considerable part of which had been devoted to the defense of millionaires, who had been spoken of as the "froth on the beer." "Not millionaires, but speculators," interrupted Mr. Sherman. "They are nearly the same," said Mr. Ingalls, "for the millionaires are not the producers and the laborers of the country. They are arrayed like 'Solomon in all his glory,' 'but they toil not, neither do they spin.' Yes, they do spin. These gigantic accumulations have not been the result of industry and economy. There would be no protest against them if they were." The people, he continued, had suddenly awoke to the conception of the fact that

The Great Mass of the Property

of the country was passing into the hands of those whom the senator from Ohio called, by euphemism, the speculators of the country. They were not of the country alone. They infested the financial system of every country. They were men of no politics, of all nationalities and of no nationalities. They had no politics but plunder, and no principle but the spoliation of the human race. One man in this country had in a lifetime acquired, out of the aggregate of the nation's wealth, earned by the labor of all, a sum that exceeded the assessed value of four of the smaller states. We were accustomed to speak of this country as the land of the free and the home of the brave; it would soon be the home of the rich and the land of the slave.

Referring to the Recent Election.

he said that it was neither a Republican defeat nor a Democratic victory. It was a great uprising, independent of and superior to both political parties. He attributed the depression in the country to the demonetization act of 1873. His only explanation of its passage was that both houses of congress and the president had been hypnotized by the money power. He would say to those who were arraying themselves against the deliberately expressed judgment of the American people—he would say to the senate, to the house and to the executive that there would come a time when the people would not be trifled with on this subject. Some time the people would elect a house of representatives, a senate and a president who

Would Carry Out Party Pledges

and execute the popular will. The political power of the nation had been transferred from the circumference to the center, and the people of that center were unanimously demanding free coinage of silver. It was for that reason that he should cordially support the amendment of the senator from Nevada. In doing so he would not only follow the dictates of his own judgment, but would carry out the wishes of the great majority of his constituents, irrespective of party or political affliations. Mr. Ingalls spoke for two hours, and when he took his seat he was heartily applauded from the floor and galleries.

Under the Ten-Minute Rule.

Mr. Jones, of Nevada, followed Mr. Ingalls in support of the Stewart amendment. At the close of Mr. Jones' remarks it was announced that Mr. Gibson and Mr. Hiscock did not desire to address the senate except under the ten-minute rule. At 2 o'clock debate under the ten-minute rule began and was participated in by Messrs. Morgan, Hawley, Vest, Gorman, Call and others. Finally the discussion closed and the senate proceeded to vote on Mr. Stewart's amendment. It was agreed to—yeas, 42; nays, 30. Amid some confusion attending the passage of the Stewart amendment, Mr. Gorman was recognized, but he yielded to Mr. Stewart, who moved to strike out the amendment reported by the finance committee, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to issue coupon and registered bonds aggregating $200,000,000 bearing interest at 2 per cent. and to apply the proceeds of the sale of the bonds to the bonds to the redemption of or to the purchase of any of the bonds of the United States. After a discussion on the amendment, participated in by Messrs. Daniel, Aldrich, Stewart, Sherman and others, a vote on the amendment to strike out was taken and it was adopted—yeas, 48; nays, 19. Section 1 of the bill, which directs the secretary of the treasury to purchase, in 1891, silver bullion aggregating 12,000,000 ounces, was struck out without division. Mr. Plumb moved to strike out the second section limiting the capacity requirement of deposits of bonds of national banks to $1,000. Agreed to without division. Mr. Plumb moved to strike out the third section as to

National Bank Currency

and to insert in lieu of it the following: "That the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to replace all sums of national bank notes hereafter permanently retired and canceled by the issue in lieu thereof of like sums in United States notes of the description and character of the United States notes now outstanding and authorized by the act of March 3, 1883, entitled 'an act to provide ways and means for the support of the government.'" The amendment was opposed by Messrs. Gray, Evarts, Hale, Sherman and others, and advocated by Messrs. Coke, Stewart, Plumb, Morgan, Butler and several other senators. Mr. Plumb's amendment was rejected—yeas, 26; nays, 40. Mr. Vance offered an amendment repealing state bank taxation. Lost. Then Mr. Vest astonished the senate by bringing forward as a substitute for the bill a purely free coinage bill, which provides that the unit of value in the United States shall be the dollar to be coined of 412 1-2 grains of standard silver or 25 8-10 grains of standard gold. Vest's substitute was agreed to without division. The senate then, at 12:15 a. m., adjourned.

Army Appropriation Bill.

Immediately after the reading of the journal the house went into committee of the whole (Mr. Dingley, of Maine, in the chair) on the army appropriation bill. An amendment was adopted that land grant railroads shall receive for army transportation but 50 per cent. of the price paid to them by private parties for similar services. The committee rose and the bill was passed, whereupon the committee resumed its session for the consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. After several roll calls an agreement was arrived at limiting the discussion on the bill to five hours, pending which the committee rose, and a bill was passed increasing by $15,000 the limit of cost of the public building at Portsmouth, O. At 5:10 p. m. the house adjourned.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

The death of Charles Hastings Russell, ninth duke of Bedford, is announced.

Mrs. Breston, who runs a baby farm in London, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The cold weather is causing much misery in and about Berlin. Over 62,000 people are out of work and must remain so until the weather moderates.

Prince Bismarck has ordered a suite of rooms in a hotel at Cannes, which he intends to occupy during the latter part of the winter. He goes there on account of his health.

The recently circulated report of Emperor William having assumed the initiative in proposing a general European disarmament is qualified by best informed circles as downright nonsense.

Mr. Parnell is seeking to promote a company to work the copper and lead deposits on his Wicklow estates. They are known to be valuable, and the business of mining them would give employment to several hundred people in that vicinity.

In the reichstag, Herr Richter expressed satisfaction at Chancellor von Caprivi's policy, and elicited an outbreak of applause by protesting against Prince Bismarck's attacks upon the government from ambush. The speaker called upon the ex-chancellor to behave like a man and criticise the government openly from his seat in the herrenhaus.

Weather Forecast.

For Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia: Fair, except local snows on the lakes; colder; westerly winds.

AN APPALLING PICTURE.

PROMPT ACTION MUST BE TAKEN TO RELIEVE TERRIBLE DISTRESS.

Government Officials Have Opened Works at Mizen Head and Thousands of Persons, Both Sexes and All Ages, Are Employed—Hundreds of Children Absolutely Without Clothing and Suffering from Hunger—Scenes of 1846-7 May be Reproduced.

CORK, Jan. 15.—In order to relieve as much as possible the terrible distress in this section, the government officials have opened works at Mizen Head. Thousands of persons of both sexes and all ages are already employed there, and measures are being devised to employ many more. In this connection it is said that unless prompt action is taken the fearful scenes which marked the famine of 1846-47 may be reproduced in some places. A visitor to Galway paints an appalling picture of the destitution in some of the remote districts. In Carraroe and other places many hundreds of children are obliged to remain away from school because they are absolutely without clothing—even a single garment, much less caps, shoes or coats. Tney remain in their cabins, hungry and naked, crouching over a wretched fire. Clothing is as urgently needed in these districts as food.

DEVOURED THE BODIES.

Natives of New Hebrides Feast on the Remains of Three Murderers.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Further particulars from the commander of the British cruiser Royalist tell of an extraordinary scene at the New Hebrides, when three natives were executed, by order of the commander, for killing and eating a French trader and his son. Immediately after the execution, a number of natives asked for the bodies, and the commander, supposing that the relatives wanted the remains for burial, gave them up. The natives retired a short distance, and immediately proceeded to cook and devour the bodies of the dead criminals, much to the horror of the British officers and their men, who did not, however, feel justified in interfering.

THE OHIO LEGISLATURE.

The Senate Rushes Through Considerable Business, but Little was Accomplished in the House.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 15.—The senate found themselves with a quorum Wednesday and rushed through considerable business. Senator Brown, of Hamilton county, introduced a bill which embodies the Indiana system of voting for Ohio. The bill makes it obligatory for each elector to vote. The boards of county commissioners are made election boards, save in the counties where there are no boards of election.

Bills Introduced in the Senate.

Mr. Alexander, exempting farm products from listing for taxation for a year after their production.

Mr. Richards, providing that the refusal of the state inspector of shops to issue a certificate to the owner of a public building shall preclude the issuing of a license or certificate by any other officer.

Mr. Richards, to provide against intimidation and bribery at elections.

Mr. Shaw, to change time of holding common pleas courts in Auglaize and Van Wert counties.

Mr. Wallace, to abolish the fee system and fix salaries for officers of Franklin county.

Mr. Corcoran, to appropriate $600 for the daughters of the late Senator Robertson.

Mr. Cole, to authorize the commissioners of Scioto county to borrow $5,000 for the construction of a boulevard around Portsmouth.

Mr. Oren, to reduce the legal rate of interest from 8 to 6 per cent. per annum, and to make usury punishable with reduction from loan of double the amount of overcharges.

Mr. Hilderbrand, to amend the parole law so that a judge of the court, where the prisoner is sentenced, shall sign the petition before the prisoner can be paroled.

Bills Passed by the Senate.

Mr. Strock, to authorize Miles, Trumbull county, to transfer funds.

Mr. Strock, to authorize Newton Falls, Trumbull county, to transfer funds.

Mr. Boisel, appropriating $30,000 to pay expense of the general assembly.

Mr. Nolan, authorizing the commissioners of Hamilton county to borrow $20,000, with which to pay decennial district assessors in Cincinnati for working overtime.

Mr. Adams, providing that a man, upon conviction of using personal violence, when intoxicated, upon his wife or child, shall be sent to jail for twenty to sixty days and fed on bread and water, and that a guardian be appointed for his estate.

The senate received a number of appointments from the governor and referred them to committees. The senate concurred in the appointment of A. L. Koons, of Athens, for the board of pardons.

The Day in the House.

Little business was accomplished in the house. The following bills were passed.

To value lands producing oil as it may diminish or increase according to the production.

Permitting boards of councils to transfer funds without legislative acts.

Permitting distribution of estates on cash payment of purchasers at administrator's sale.

To transfer the funds of the town of Arcanum, Darke county.

To transfer bonds at Mt. Vernon.

Carpenters' Strike.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 15.—Eighteen carpenters in the employ of Heller Bros. & Co., contractors, are on strike owing to an attempt on the part of the concern to reduce their wages from $2.50 to $2.25 per day. The Carpenters' union has taken the matter in hand and appointed a committee to arrange a settlement.

New Fire Chief in Findlay.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 15.—The city council, which is a tie politically, have ousted Fire Chief Waltman, a Republican, and elected Henry Slick, Democrat, Walker, a Republican member, voting with the Democrats.

CONDENSED OHIO NEWS.

Philip Askins, of Stark county, died Tuesday. He was born in Bellford, France, on Sept. 5, 1792, and served in the battle of Austerlitz under Napoleon.

A. D. Miller, superintendent of the southern division of the Ohio canal, has tendered his resignation, to take effect March 1.

Fined and Imprisoned for Sunday Labor.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 15.—The case of the seventh day adventist R. M. King was argued in the United States court yesterday by Attorney General Bide for the state and Hon. Don M. Dickinson for the defense. King was fined and sentenced to imprisonment by the state for working on Sunday. The habeas corpus is on an appeal from the state court.

CUSTODY OF CHILDREN.

Colonel Church Gains a Point in the Circuit Court.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 15.—The circuit court yesterday handed down a decision in the divorce case of S. H. Church, taken up on appeals by the husband as to the custody of the children. The court decided that all questions involved in divorce cases are reviewable by the higher courts, except that of the separation of the parties. The plea in bar and motion to dismiss set up by Mrs. Church's attorneys, were both overruled and the hearing on the merits as to custody of the children will take place one week from Monday next.

Her Husband Arrested.

CANTON, O., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Maggie Wertz, aged 45 years, was found dead on the floor of her room yesterday. The cause of her death was said to be cancer of the stomach, but her husband was arrested, it being charged that he had made threats to kill her.

Death Came Suddenly.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 15.—Samuel Rhoads, 74 years old, a well known ex-county official, dressed to attend Mrs. Rev. Phillips' funeral, started to get in the carriage, was stricken with apoplexy and a few minutes later expired.

Hugh W. Thompson Chosen.

SIDNEY, O., Jan. 15.—Hugh W. Thompson, a prominent druggist of Sidney, was nominated on the second ballot as the successor of the late Senator Robertson.

Testing the Salary Act.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Jan. 15.—Legal proceedings were begun to test the act of 1876, by which the county commissioners fix the salaries of the deputies and clerks in the different county offices. It is claimed by the affidavit that the law has been repealed. The only salaries fixed were those of the treasurer's deputies, which were fixed at $1,500 and $1,000 respectively.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklin's Arnica Salve, and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell so well or have given such universal satisfaction, We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Z. T. Baltzly, druggist

A Blessing to Humanity

This is what N. H. Andrews, a prominent citizen of Springfield, O., says: "It affords me great pleasure to assure my friends that I have received both immediate and permanent relief of throat, bronchial and asthmatic trouble in the use of Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It is certainly a good honest medicine and a blessing to humanity." The above preparation we sell on a positive guarantee; it has given better satisfaction than any other remedy we have ever sold. J. M. Schuckers, E. S. Craig, druggists, Massillon, O.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruisesbsores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price, On this safe plan you can buy from our advertisep druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consnmption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case when used for any affection such as consumption inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, &c. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Baltzly's. 1

Wolff's ACME Blacking

IS WATERPROOF.
A HANDSOME POLISH.
A LEATHER PRESERVER.
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.

Shoes can be washed daily.

Used by men, women and children.

Mamma, let us buy this antique table; it has an ugly color now but I can make it look like Mahogany or Rosewood and it will be just lovely. I'll fix it to suit you. 25 cents worth of

TRADE PIK-RON MARK
A PAINT THAT ONE CAN SEE THROUGH. TRY IT.

will do the work. Sold Everywhere.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

SEE

GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 33 EAST MAIN ST.

E. D. Wileman,

ENGINEER & SURVEYOR,

OFFICE IN WARWICK BLOCK.

All work accurately and promptly attended to. P. O. Box, 47.

Real Estate bought, sold and exchanged.

Every article in our store must go without Regard to cost. Buy your goods now at

J. R. OPPENHEIMER'S

THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE

No. 26 South Erie Street, Massillon.

Don't Buy Until You See Young's Stock of Buggies

RUSSELL & CO.,

MASSILLON, OHIO,

BUILDERS OF

Plain and Automatic Engines

BOILERS,

Threshing Machines

AND ENGINES,

HORSE POWERS,

Saw Mills, Etc.

REAL ESTATE BULLETIN.

For Sale—Residences

Four room house, South Erie street, corner lot $1,400

Four room (double) house, two out-kithens $2,000

Six roomed house, double lot, Richville Ave. $1500.

Seven roomed house, Wellman street, $2,700

For Rent.

Store room, Stone Block.

Store Room in Opera Block, now occupied by Goodhart Bros. Possession given April 1st, 1891.

Business Property.

Ninety-two feet front on Erie street, on P., Ft. W & C. Ry., and Ohio canal. Unexcelled loaction for manufactory.

Vacant Lots.

One lot on West Tremont street, $425

One lot on South Erie street, $600.

Two lots on Wechter street, $225.

Forty-two lots in Kent Jarvis' 2d add. $300 to $4[illegible] Nineteen lots in my Richville Ave. add., $22[illegible]

One lot on South Erie street, in Julia M. Jarvis sub-division, $550.

One lot on East Main street, best lot on the street $2,100.

One lost just off West Tremont street, $800.

Six lots near the C., L. & W. and W. & L. E. railroads, $300.

also have on my list many choice Western land for sale or exchange, and many other bargains.

Easy Terms,

Long Time,

Low Interest

CALL AND SEE ME.

JAS. R. DUNN,

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE

WEST SIDE GROCERY

Is the best place to purchase anything and everything in the

Grocery

—AND—

Provision

Line. In addition to the especial convenience to those who live west of the river, we make prices that make it an object to come from all corners of the city.

Goods may be ordered by telephone, and will be promptly delivered.

ED. HERING,

132 and 134, West Tremont Street.

MASSILLON, O

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

NOTICE

To members of The Home Library Association, the Chicago Buyers Union and other similar institutions.

It is with pleasure The Independent Company propose to all such subscribers and book buyers generally, that they are in a position to furnish any book or publication of any kind listed in the catalogues of these associations at their prices, and in many cases lower and also to give all persons, whether subscribers or not, the privilege of selecting from any edition in the market at correspondingly low prices.

These books we deliver free, saving the cost of express charges from Chicago and New York and cost of remitting.

We would be pleased to quote prices and wish that it might be remembered that we sell

ANY BOOK AT PRICE TIME TO PERSON.

THE INDEPENDENT CO.

THE WANT COLUMN.

Any "want" under the sun not to exceed four lines, announced in this department for 25 cents a week.

LOST.

ROBE—On East Main street, between Erie and Locust, a woolen buggy robe Leave at the Independent Co.'s store, or at 2 Locust St 10-6t

PLASTERING TOOLS—Between State street and Bridgeport, a bag containing plastering tools. Finder please return to Cyrus Smith, 80 State street and receive reward. 13 6t

WATCH—Somewhere between St Mary's Catholic church and the residence of the late Joseph Kitchen, a gent's gold watch and chain, The finder will be rewarded by returning to the Independent Co's store 14-6t

Please mention The Independent in replying to advertisements under this head,

FOUND.

BLANKET—A horse blanket, owner can have same by calling on undersigned and proving property and paying for this adv, H S Stoner No, 31 East Main street 15-6t

KEY—A large folding key. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying for this notice. 9-6t

PUPPY—Yellow puppy about 2 months old: Owner can have same by calling at Russell & Co's office and paying for this notice 14-tf

PLEASE mention The Independent in replying to advertisements under this head.

FOR RENT.

APARTMENTS—Two apartments of 5 rooms each on Muskingum street also one 4 room house on stonequarry hill. Inquire of W. A. Pietzcker 12-tf

HOUSE—House of five rooms in good repair and within five minutes walk of postoffice. Inquire at 121 West Main Street. 15-tf

HOUSE—The elegant property, No. 218 East Main street, now occupied by Geo. Goodhart Possession given on two week's notice. L. Gise. 8-tf

STOREROOM—Small storeroom for rent, on W. Main street, formerly Bucher's office; Call at Graze & Sonnhalter's grocery 14-tf

PLEASE mention The Independent in replying to advertisements under this head.

WANTED

GIRL—A good girl to do general housework, Apply at 117 S. East street. 7-6t

HOUSE—To rent a small house well located near center of town. Address J. A, Beattie, 46 Park street, 14-tf

WASH-WOMAN—Wanted at Jan Kees laundry, apply at once. Minich Block. 12-6

THE Independent will appreciate mention of this column, by those who find it useful.

FOR SALE.

CORD WOOD—Sawed in any lengths for stoves furnaces or factories. Leave orders at Warth Bros. grocery, 23 West Main street. 8 6t

FURNACE—Suitable for small house, Also small stove cheap. H. C. Brown. 3-t

HOUSE—A ten room house on E. Main street No. 268, in good repair also good our building. Any one wishing to purchase should call at premises. 24-tf

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—On account of leaving town, I will sell at private sale all my household goods. Sale afternoons from 1 to 5 o'clock for ten days, beginning Jan. 12. Mrs. Joseph Glessner, 118 East Main Street. 3-6t

LIMESTONE—Crushed limestone for walks, in large or small quantities. Inquire of J. V. R. Skinner. 319-tf

THE Independent will be obliged to those who answer advertisement under this head, if they will kindly state that they were attracted by means of this paper.

MATTHEW BROS.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GROCERIES

—AND—

PROVISIONS.

—ALL THE—

Best Grades of Flour

BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY a Specialty.

All Class of Goods in their Season.

Mill Feed and Bailed Hay.

No. 2. W. Tremont St.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE WHIRL OF SOCIETY.

WALTER WELLMAN WRITES OF THE WASHINGTON WOMEN WORSHIPERS.

They Shine Afternoons, but in the Evening Real Men Come to the Front—An Austrian Countess' Tact — American Statesmen in Society.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Capital society is now in full whirl, and the woman worshiper is again in his glory. Washington in the social season is a perfect paradise for woman and her masculine adorers. From New Year's to Lent the Washington woman has a world distinctly and wholly her own. Society engrosses all her time and her energies, and very often all her strength and ambition. During this roseate period she is absolutely independent of her husband for the amusements and activities which all human beings instinctively crave. She has her own field, and well does she know how to cultivate it. All the husband has to do is to pay the bills, and he may stick all day to his desk in the government bureau or to his chair in the halls of congress, and be but little missed. There are other and perhaps gayer and younger men to take his place in the drawing room or at the tea table, for, be it understood, the society devotee, with all her self reliance, all her fondness for "dear Mrs. So-and-so," and "lovely Mrs. What's-her-name," and "those sweet girls, the Newcomers," has no intention of running this little world of hers without the help of the lords of creation.

While the women vastly outnumber the men at the round of receptions, teas and "at homes," enough of the dear fellows are sprinkled in to leaven the whole lump with the delightful possibility of a flirtation for the young moths and the certainty of polite and flattering attention for their mammas. In no other American city is there such a large number of idle, yet cultured, fairly well to do men, available for society purposes during the hours of sunshine, as in Washington. Army and navy officers—active, orders waiting, or retired—are as thick as bees in June, and, to a man, fond of the society of the lovely women who make this social whirl in Washington a kaleidoscope of fair faces and fine gowns. The diplomatic corps, full of dandies, young and old, who have flirted at half the capitals of the world and in three or four languages, may be always depended upon. Its stock of gallants never quite runs short, and its appetite for tea and cake, and particularly for good wine and terrapin, is altogether inexhaustible. Its repertoire of compliments and fine phrases is capable of being turned over and over without being worn out.

Many sons of rich or prominent men there are here, idling, listless fellows, to whom the social season once a year offers an opportunity to rouse themselves and enjoy the novel luxury of some sort of employment. A few of the statesmen themselves, senators and representatives, and not by any means the young ones exclusively, find the parlors of the west end, with their flowers and pretty faces and winning smiles, more attractive of an afternoon than the overheated and speech droning air of the halls of congress.

So the social whirl brings within its sparkling circle, even in the afternoon, a considerable number of men. A majority of these are avowed woman worshipers. In Washington the woman worshiper thrives as he thrives nowhere else on this continent, because here all the conditions are favorable to his development. To him who loves to bask in the presence of women whose sole aim for the nonce is to be charmed and charming, Washington affords an almost limitless field. It is very easy to get in. Getting into society here is as easy as getting into the theatres of New York, and not so expensive. Needed, self confidence, a fairly good suit of clothes, four dollars worth of engraved cards. Possibilities, a gay round both afternoon and evening, invitations to dinner, a rich bride. Is it any wonder that a large class of young men would rather borrow money and go into society than work and acquire fame and lucre?

The wife of the secretary of the exterior, or Mrs. Senator Blank, is giving a reception this afternoon. Many carriages are driving up to the door and discharging their contents. Women, nothing but women. Women young and beautiful, women old and ugly, women who are using hired carriages and women who luxuriate in wealth. Occasionally a man walks up and enters the portals. He is a poor young man and he lives in a boarding house, or his mother, who belongs to one of the old families, supports him by working in the departments, but he is no sooner within madame's parlor, where the gas is burning, and there is a delicious hum and titter of soft feminine voices, than he is seized upon, gazed upon, hungered for, lionized, as if he were the hero of the Dark Continent, a famous poet, great artist or heir to a throne. He is a man, and men are scarce during business hours.

It is in the afternoon that the professional woman worshipers find the field best adapted to their wants. Then it is that they sally forth, sure of easy running, with small competition and much success. There are not enough of these women worshipers to bring danger of interference with each other. Where there are fifty women to one man, the man must be very dull, or ugly, or timid who will not feel a serene confidence in himself and his prowess. Thus from house to house and from flower to flower flits the worshiper, sipping the honey of flirtation here and there, and drinking in the dew and fragrance of word and glance. Poor fool! blissfully unconscious that he is rapidly becoming a slave to the woman habit, that most insidious and deadly of diseases. He does not know that a few years more of this, and he will be incapable of loving one woman, of making for himself a home and a settled connection in life.

With the afternoon gallant of Washington society woman becomes a fad, a craze, a hobby, a means of intoxication, as necessary to his peace and contentment as drink to a toper. But it is woman in general, not woman in particular, and in the final stages of the malady the power of selection is lost, and the victim at last, when too late, perceives what fate has in store for him. He is doomed to old bachelorhood, whithered, rheumatic, wizened celibacy, the attendant of dowagers and gallant to chaperones.

Washington is full of victims of this species of mental and spiritual intoxication, and every afternoon they may be seen flitting about the fashionable northwest quarter of the city. Well do they know the need of improving each shining hour, for after dark and dinner, when the men of real importance in the world—men who have won fame and power—put on their dress coats and appear in the drawing rooms, our afternoon devotees find themselves dwindling into the shadows of obscurity and neglect cast by the new and stronger lights. The society women, be they ever so gay and thoughtless, know the value of real worth, and the polished diplomat or gilded youth are not "in it" when the solid men of affairs appear upon the scene, no matter how little used to society or how poorly gifted with social graces the latter may be. Nor should it be supposed that all this society is stupid and absurd, like the mad races of some of the women, to pay as many calls in a day as swift horses and the endurance of flesh and blood will permit of.

Water will find its level in society as well as anywhere else, and the brilliant, brainy men who can not only talk, but say something, are at a premium, and so are the women of genuine tact and heart. Probably no capital can boast a more refined or intellectual society than this if we take it at its best.

Here and there, even in the most fashionable of gatherings, one will see an awkward and ill-at-ease statesman from the far west wondering what he shall do with his hands or say with his tongue, wandering about disconsolate and quite overcome by the magnificent gowns and fascinating figures which the decollete mode prodigally discloses. But wait a while, till some tactful and bright woman gets him off in a corner, sits him down with an ice and a conversational corkscrew and begins to draw him out. Presently our awkward new man from the west who, perhaps, habitually wears a slouch hat out of doors and forgets to remove his overcoat as he enters a drawing room, will begin to thaw and feel like himself. He will talk, be attended by the delicate flattery of close attention, and before he knows it be ready to vote the reception, which he had before thought such a great bore, a most charming affair, and himself one of the lions thereof.

Then pretty women will be brought up for an introduction, and more and broader conversation will follow, and in a few weeks the odds are this callow westerner will become one of the most charming of society men, straightforward, frank and unaffected, and all the more sought and liked on account thereof. "The young diplomatic attaches and rich men's sons will do for an afternoon's amusement, but when the gas is lit, and the electric current turned on, and we don our best gowns," said a most experienced and successful society woman the other night, "we want men, real, substantial men, who have something besides manners to recommend them."

Not long ago it was my pleasure to sit for an hour beside a beautiful little woman from Vienna, a countess whose husband is attached to one of the foreign legations. "Madam," said I, "I fear you find our American men very awkward, lacking in social and physical grace, compared with your own gentlemen." "Yes," she replied frankly, "the Americans are a little awkward, and they do lack grace. But I do not like so much grace. A man may be too graceful to suit a woman. You Americans have that which is much better than grace, or any superficial quality—sincerity and sense and a habit of treating a woman as if she were your intellectual equal and moral superior. I have been with my husband to Madrid, Berlin, Paris, and of course I know Vienna very well, but the American men are as a rule the most charming men I have ever met." Was this not very good of the beautiful little countess? And what wonder that the most stolid and practical of us are at times inclined to join the ranks of the woman worshipers?

American men have the strong quality of adaptability. There is no doubt about that. We see this everywhere. Plain, common farmers or professional men or merchants come here from the rural districts or small towns, take high stations in congress, on the bench, or in the executive, and deport themselves almost as if they were to the manner born. Thy are weakest in society, for there manners and form mean so much more than in the more serious affairs of life; yet even in society they quickly rub off their rough edges, learn to wear dress suits without eternally pulling at the waistcoat, and even master the mysterious intricacies of card etiquette. But if American men have adaptability, what shall be said of American women? They appear to have been born under some magic star.

I have in mind, as a type of the women of whom I am writing, one who three years ago was a shop girl in a western city. Her parents having been very poor, she had few home advantages. Even the public schools did not do her much good, for she was not able to attend them very long before her father sent her to work in a factory. From the factory and its rough but perhaps honest associations she drifted to a dry goods store, and was there seen by a well to do and ambitious man, who fell in love with and married her. The whirligig of politics brought this man to Washington as a member of congress. His wife came with him. They set up a house, bought a carriage, hired six servants, visited the milliner and the modiste, and are now in the swim of fashionable society.

The wife is an ignorant little body, so ignorant that when she meets the Italian minister, as she occasionally does, she cannot tell for the life of her whether Italy is in Asia or Africa. But she carefully avoids committing herself on geography or anything else with which she is unfamiliar, and by sheer tact and adaptability and caution, worries along unsuspected. She does more than exercise her tact and intuition—she makes a study of men and women. Books she knows so little of that literary discussions contain no charms for her, but human nature is an open page wherein she reads as she runs. In consequence she is almost universally voted one of the most fascinating women in Washington, and many a man unfamiliar with her antecedects envies the congressman his possession of such a treasure. This a a sketch from real life, and could be duplicated in many other families.

How the women who plunge into the midst of this social whirl are able to endure the physical strain of it is more than I can understand. How they race, and run, and change dresses, and eat, and are merry, without much rest or sleep from New Year's to Lent, and still keep out of the hands of the doctors, is a mystery. I asked a society woman, one of average activity, to tell me what she had been doing during the week. "You had better ask me what I have not been doing," she replied. "Let me see. Monday I called on all the ladies of the supreme court, and in order to do that you know one has to drive all over town. I also called on eight or ten ladies living on H street, that being H street day. Late in the afternoon I attended two teas, and at 7, after changing my dress, was at a dinner. After the dinner I went to a reception, and was in bed about 1 in the morning. Tuesday morning I went to market. You know you have to go to market here or be robbed of house and home by the tradesmen. I also spent an hour with my dressmaker, and that is such hard work. In the afternoon I was at home to callers, standing on my feet about all the time from 2 to 6. Had barely time to change my dress and go out on the double quick to a dinner. Wednesday I had to go to the dressmaker's again and shopping in the morning, and in the afternoon I made all the cabinet calls. Such crowds, such crushes! It takes the life out of one. Thursday I was at market again and more shopping in the morning, calling on the I street and senatorial ladies and families of representatives all afternoon. Made about thirty calls, actually tiring out one span of horses and sending the coachman home for another. Friday I made twenty calls on the ladies of G street and Twenty-first street, and went to two teas and two evening receptions. Saturday was another busy day. Had the dressmaker at the house in the morning early, rushed off to market, did a little shopping, saw about a new cook and made a round of calls on the ladies of Connecticut avenue, De Sales street, Jefferson place and the legations. Wound up the week with a formal dinner at a senator's house, and after that was over, looked in on a reception on Massachusetts avenue. And Sunday? Slept till noon and went out for a Turkish bath before dinner. If it wasn't for that Turkish bath every Sunday I'd be dead before Lent." WALTER WELLMAN.

A Charming Writer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The south has lately astonished and delighted the literary world by adding largely to the number of bright and vivacious woman writers, and among the brightest and best is the lady who is socially known to New York as Mrs. Burton Harrison, but signs her name Constance Cary Harrison. It must be said in the beginning that fortune did much for the fair authoress by giving her a singularly varied and curious experience; but she has used her materials with the ready adaptation of true genius.

MRS. BURTON HARRISON.

She was but a girl at the family mansion in Fairfax county, Va., when the civil war began, and the ladies hastily abandoned the place after burying the family silver in the cellar. Vaucluse, as the place was called, was soon a ruin, the house was destroyed, and on the site was one of the forts in the defenses of Washington. Nevertheless they found their precious things after the war closed, and were not entirely ruined in fortune. The ladies were at the station in the rear of the Confederate army during the battle of Manassas or Bull Run, and became painfully familiar with war and destruction elsewhere—all furnishing scenes and incidents for her subsequent work.

When the war closed Miss Cary went abroad with her mother, witnessed the closing scenes of Louis Napoleon's reign, and then returned to New York to be married. On both sides the lady is descended from the oldest leading families in Virginia. Her father, Archibald Cary, was a kinsman of Thomas Jefferson, and descendant of the first president of William and Mary college, and her mother, Monimia Fairfax, inherited intellect and taste from a good line. Her earlier stories plainly show that her first impressions of life were gained while the influence of "family" was still great in Virginia and caste was a fact.

Mrs. Harrison's first contribution to the magazines was "A Little Centennial Lady," in 1876. Among her best known productions are "My Lord Fairfax, of Greenway Court, in Virginia," "The Home and Haunts of Washington," "Bric-a-Brac Stories," and that great recent success "The Anglomaniacs." She has lately written a curious work involving the history of a Virginia family and plantation since 1650.

SECRETARY BLAINE INTERFERES.

A Methodist Episcopal Clergyman Confined in a South American Jail.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Secretary Blaine and the state department are making every effort practicable for the liberation of the Rev. Francis Penzotti, a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal church and an agent of the American Bible society, who has been incarcerated in a prison in Peru for the past six months. Mr. Penzotti's case has awakened great interest in Callao, owing to strong belief on the part of the better class of the people that they should have free worship. As Mr. Penzotti is imprisoned for conducting a Methodist Episcopal church in Callao his case has been taken up by the Protestants of that city.

IT WAS A COMPROMISE.

The West Virginia Legislature Quietly Organized.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Jan. 15.—The legislature convened yesterday. The Democrats organized both houses. Louis Bennett, of Lewis county, was elected speaker of the house; J. W. McCreery, of Raleigh, president of the senate; J. B. Peyton, of Cabell, clerk of the house, and Holly Armstrong, of Jackson, clerk of the senate. The governor's message was presented and read. Its principal feature was a recommendation to separate the state and local elections from the national elections, in order to evade any measure such as the election bill.

THREE MEN KILLED

By the Explosion of Eighteen Sticks of Giant Powder in a Western Camp.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Jan. 15.—Harry Lewis and Dennis Dimmons were instantly killed and Joseph Hughes was so seriously hurt that he died within three hours from the explosion of eighteen sticks of giant powder in Ryan's camp. These men were all engaged on the railroad grade. The powder was placed before the fire to thaw and they were standing about the fire at the time of the explosion. Harry Lewis was thrown one hundred feet from the fire and only a portion of his remains could be found.

Collision and Nine Persons Injured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Nine passengers on the Long Island Rapid Transit railroad were injured in a collision that occurred near Denton station yesterday. An eastbound gravel train collided with a westbound passenger train and two of the passenger cars were derailed and thrown on the track. Six people in all—Miss A. Flannigan, Mrs. Harriman, Mark Miller, Sam Brown, Conductor Edward Bugbee and Engineer Ennis—were seriously injured. A number of others received minor bruises and scratches.

Will Locate at Stauffers.

SCOTTDALE, PA., Jan. 15.—The Buckeye Manufacturing company, of Pittsburg, has accepted the proposition of the citizens of Stauffers' station, near this place, offering the company thirty-five acres of land on condition that it locates its plant there. Work on the construction of the plant will be begun shortly. Between four and five hundred hands will be employed.

CRITICISED QUEEN VIC.

A Kingston Minister Declares She is Stingy.

KINGSTON, ONT., Jan. 15.—Rev. C. O. Johnson, a prominent Methodist clergyman, is being severely criticised for declaring from the pulpit that Queen Victoria was stingy and hoarded up money which she could well spare, and that it would do a great deal of good in darkest England; that there were many opportunities in that country for philanthropy, but she never embraced them.

Mr. Blaine Gave Away the Bride.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Miss Florence Marie Audenried and Charles Marie Sudovil de La Forest, Compte de Divonne, of Divonne, France, an attache of the French legation, were married by Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, in St. Matthew's church, yesterday. The bride was attended by six bridemaids, and entered the church on the arm of Secretary Blaine, who represented the diplomatic corps and gave her away. The groom was also attended by six assistants, among them Minister Roustan and three brothers of the count.

Disastrous Fire at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Jan. 15.—This city was visited by another disastrous fire yesterday. The fire was first discovered in the premises of the Dominion Tubular Lamp company on Craig street and spread on each side burning out the Tombyl & Co cigar manufacturers; M. W. Rallston, iron founders; R. White & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, besides a number of smaller properties. A heavy wind and snow storm greatly impeded the firemen.

The Daily Event in Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 15.—A crowd of 500 men attempted to stake out a town on the site of a quarter-section of land west of the city, but were prevented by six claimants of land armed with guns and axes. The former claim that the land rightfully belongs to the city.

Energy in Advertising.

Thoroughness, industry and tact are necessary in writing and keeping up a series of paying announcements. Readers nowadays demand variety in what they read, whether it be in their literary matter, their news or their advertisements. Monotony tires them. Brevity and spice are absolutely essential to success in advertising. Every merchant can, with profit, study the methods employed by large advertisers in attracting attention to their wares. It is not necessary that the style of any one of them be copied literally, but points can be secured from each and all which will be of assistance in working up a series of remunerative announcements. Each advertiser should use such suggestions as come in his way for all there is in them, adapting them to his own particular needs. Above all things never advertise your competitor by scolding about him. *Advertise your own goods* and get all the return you can for your money Don't get into a *rut*.

The Poets Cure for Insomnia.

The poet burns the midnight oil—
O Martyr! watch to keep
And through the night at that to toil
Which will make others sleep!

—Puck

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY• IT •

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

Headquarters FOR Lumber

We are the agents of large Lumber Manufacturers. We can sell

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

SHINGLES AND LATH.

-:-Sash, Doors and Blinds,-:-

At Prices Which Will Defy Competition.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

Call on us and be convinced.

M. A. BROWN & SON, Agts.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

DO YOU KNOW WHAT AILS YOU?

You feel tired—Do you know what it means? You are nervous—Why? You cough in the morning—Do you realize the cause? Your appetite is poor—What makes it so? You seem like a changed person to your friends—Do you know what is the matter, or has the change been so gradual it has escaped your notice?

You have Consumption!

We do not say this to frighten you, but it is true. These are the sure symptoms of this terrible disease. There is one thing which will check it and that is

DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY.

It is recommended by the best physicians in Europe and America.
25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per Bottle.
W. H. HOOKER & CO., 46 West Broadway, New York.

Do You Know a Bargain When You See It?

A Plain Window Shade Costs:

For oil cloth, 2 yards, at 18 cents	36
For shade roller	15
For screws, tacks and labor	25
Total	76

We will sell you this same shade, ready to hang in your house, in five different colors, made in the best manner, of the best material and mounted upon the best roller for 40

Saving you just 36

We call this a bargain. Come and look at it.

The Independent Co.

MASSILLON & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
MASSILLON, OHIO, January 1, 1891.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come cefore the meeting, will be held at the German Deposit Bank (its general office,) in the City of Massillon, on Tuesday, the third day of February 1891, at 12 o'clock noon. JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary

Houses for Sale!

RANGING IN PRICE

From $900 to $3000

A number of

—LOTS FOR SALE.—

In different parts of the city.

W. K. L. Warwick

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAN KEE

Formerly with Tun Kee in the Minich block and No. 1 East Tremont street, has started a first-class

New Laundry at No. 45 East Main Street

Where he will be prepared to show to the public the finest work in his line. He has the latest improved machinery.

New Shirts, 18c, 2 for 25c Shirts, 10c. Collars, 2c Ladies Collars, 2 for 5c. Cuffs, 4c.

SEE GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

Miss Helen Ryder

Will continue the

INSURANCE BUSINESS

Formerly conducted by her father at the old stand

OverDielhenn's ClothingStore

SOUTH ERIE STREET.